SONY

News & Information

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Consolidated Financial Results for the Third Quarter Ended December 31, 2005

Tokyo, January 26, 2006 -- Sony Corporation today announced its consolidated results for the third quarter ended December 31, 2005 (October 1, 2005 to December 31, 2005).

(Billions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars, except per share amounts)

Third quarter ended December 31 Change in 2004 2005 2005* Yen Sales and operating revenue ¥2,148.2 +10.2%¥2,367.6 \$20,064 Operating income 138.2 202.8 +46.81,719 149.2 Income before income taxes 225.9 +51.41,914 Equity in net income of affiliated 19.5 2.3 +735.6165 companies Net income 143.8 168.9 +17.51,432 Net income per share of common stock +9.0— Basic ¥155.32 ¥169.36 \$1.44 — Diluted 138.08 +17.0161.60 1.37

Unless otherwise specified, all amounts are on the basis of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the U.S. ("U.S. GAAP").

Consolidated Results for the Third Quarter Ended December 31, 2005

Sales and operating revenue ("sales") increased by 10.2% compared with the same quarter of the previous fiscal year; on a local currency basis sales increased 3%. (For all references herein to results on a local currency basis, see Note I on page 7.)

Sales within the Electronics segment increased by 4.7% compared with the same quarter of the previous fiscal year (a 2% decrease on a local currency basis). In terms of product categories within the Electronics segment, sales of LCD televisions, LCD rear-projection televisions and flash memory and hard drive Walkman® digital audio players increased, while there was a decrease in sales of CRT and plasma televisions. In the Game segment, sales increased 48.3% as a result of the contribution from hardware and software sales of PSP® (PlayStation® Portable) ("PSP"). In the Pictures segment, sales decreased 0.4%, a 10% decrease on a U.S. dollar basis (please refer to the note regarding the Pictures segment on page 5), compared with the same quarter of the prior fiscal year primarily due to the significant home entertainment contribution of *Spider-Man 2* in the prior fiscal year's third quarter and lower theatrical revenues from the underperformance of *The Legend of Zorro* and *Zathura*. In the Financial Services segment, revenue increased by 31.3% compared to the same quarter of the previous fiscal year mainly due to an improvement in gains and losses on investments primarily at Sony Life Insurance Co., Ltd. ("Sony Life").

^{*} U.S. dollar amounts have been translated from yen, for convenience only, at the rate of ¥118=U.S.\$1, the approximate Tokyo foreign exchange market rate as of December 30, 2005.

Operating income increased 46.8% (a 30% increase on a local currency basis) compared with the same quarter of the previous fiscal year. Within the Electronics segment, an improvement in the cost of sales ratio, as well as favorable foreign exchange rates, resulted in an increase in operating income. In the Game segment, operating income increased primarily due to the steady expansion of the PSP platform in all geographic areas. In the Pictures segment, a small operating loss was recorded due to the factors noted above for sales and operating revenue. In the Financial Services segment, there was a significant increase in operating income mainly attributable to the increase in gains on investments at Sony Life.

Restructuring charges, which were recorded as operating expenses, for the third quarter amounted to \\ \frac{\pmathbf{14.7}}{14.7} billion (\\$125 million) compared to \\ \frac{\pmathbf{10.5}}{10.5} billion in the same quarter of the previous fiscal year. In the Electronics segment, restructuring charges were \\ \frac{\pmathbf{14.6}}{10.5} billion (\\$124 million) compared to \\ \frac{\pmathbf{10.5}}{10.5} billion in the same quarter of the previous fiscal year.

Income before income taxes increased 51.4% compared to the same quarter of the previous fiscal year. An improvement in the net effect of other income and other expenses was mainly the result of a gain of \(\xi\$19.0\) billion (\\$161 million) on the change in interest resulting from the initial public offering of Sony Communication Network Corporation ("SCN").

Income taxes: During the third quarter of the current fiscal year, Sony recorded \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{75.7}\) billion (\(\frac{\pmathbf{6}}{642}\) million) of income tax expense, resulting in an effective tax rate of 33.5%. This effective tax rate was lower than the Japanese statutory tax rate primarily as a result of an increase in profits at foreign subsidiaries subject to lower rates of tax. In the same quarter of the previous fiscal year, valuation allowances at Sony's U.S. subsidiaries were reversed resulting in an effective tax rate of 4.7%.

Equity in net income of affiliated companies of ¥19.5 billion (\$165 million) was recorded, a ¥17.2 billion increase compared to the same quarter of the previous fiscal year.

Sony recorded equity income of \(\pm\)10.3 billion (\\$87 million) for SONY BMG MUSIC ENTERTAINMENT ("SONY BMG") and \(\pm\)9.8 billion (\\$83 million) for Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB ("Sony Ericsson"). However, Sony also recorded equity in net loss of approximately \(\pm\)2.4 billion (\\$20 million) for Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Inc. ("MGM")*. The equity in net loss for MGM includes non-cash interest of \(\pm\)1.5 billion (\\$13 million) on cumulative preferred stock. This equity in net loss is subject to adjustment reflecting the final allocation of the purchase price for the acquisition. In addition, Sony recorded equity income of \(\pm\)1.0 billion (\\$8 million) for S-LCD Corporation, a joint-venture with Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. ("S-LCD").

*On April 8, 2005, a consortium led by Sony Corporation of America and its equity partners completed the acquisition of MGM. As part of the acquisition, Sony invested \$257 million in exchange for 20% of the total equity. However, based on the percentage of common stock owned, Sony records 45% of MGM's net income (loss) as equity in net income (loss) of affiliated companies.

Net income, as a result, was \(\frac{\pmathbf{1}}{168.9}\) billion (\(\frac{\pmathbf{1}}{1,432}\) million), an increase of 17.5% compared to the same quarter of the previous fiscal year.

Operating Performance Highlights by Business Segment

Note: As of August 1, 2004, Sony and Bertelsmann AG combined their recorded music businesses in a joint venture. The newly formed company, SONY BMG, is 50% owned by each parent company. Under U.S. GAAP, SONY BMG is accounted for by Sony using the equity method and, since August 1, 2004, 50% of net profits or losses of this business have been included under "Equity in net income (loss) of affiliated companies."

In connection with the establishment of this joint venture, Sony's non-Japan based disc manufacturing and physical distribution businesses, formerly included within the Music segment, have been reclassified to the Electronics segment to recognize the new management reporting structure whereby Sony's Electronics segment has now assumed responsibility for these businesses. Effective April 1, 2005, a similar change was made with respect to Sony's Japan based disc manufacturing business. Results for the three and nine month periods ended December 31, 2004 in the Electronics segment have been restated to account for these reclassifications.

Effective April 1, 2005, Sony no longer breaks out its music business as a reportable segment as it no longer meets the materiality threshold. Accordingly, the results for Sony's music business are now included within the Other segment and the prior fiscal year's

results have been reclassified to the Other segment for comparative purposes. Results for the three and nine month periods ended December 31, 2005 and the three month period ended December 31, 2004 in the Other segment include the results of Sony Music Entertainment Inc.'s ("SMEI") music publishing business and Sony Music Entertainment (Japan) Inc. ("SMEJ"), excluding Sony's Japan based disc manufacturing business which, as noted above, has been reclassified to the Electronics segment. However, results for the nine month period ended December 31, 2004 in the Other segment include the consolidated results for SMEI's recorded music business for the period through August 1, 2004, as well as the results for SMEI's music publishing business and SMEJ excluding Sony's Japan based disc manufacturing business.

Electronics

(Billions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

Third quarter ended December 31

	2004	2005	Yen	2005
Sales and operating revenue	¥1,524.6	¥1,595.8	+4.7%	\$13,523
Operating income	50.5	78.9	+56.2	668

Unless otherwise specified, all amounts are on a U.S. GAAP basis.

Sales increased by 4.7% compared to the same quarter of the previous fiscal year (a 2% decrease on a local currency basis). Sales to outside customers increased 2.5% compared to the same quarter of the previous fiscal year. There was an increase in sales of several products including LCD televisions, following the launch of the new BRAVIATM models, which experienced increased sales in all geographic areas, as well as LCD rear-projection televisions, which saw increased sales in the U.S., and flash memory and hard drive Walkman digital audio players, which saw increased sales in all geographic areas. On the other hand, there was a decline in sales of CRT televisions which experienced a continued shift in demand towards flat panel televisions, as well as plasma televisions, which faced intense business competition. By geographic area, declining sales in Japan and Europe were offset by increased sales in Other Areas and the U.S.

Operating income increased by \(\frac{\text{2}}{2}\).4 billion or 56.2% compared with the same quarter of the previous fiscal year, due to an improvement in the cost of sales ratio associated with enhanced product appeal and cost reductions, as well as favorable foreign exchange rates. With regard to products within the Electronics segment, products which had a positive impact on operating income included "VAIO" PCs, which experienced an increase in operating profit margin mainly due to favorable notebook PC sales and cost reductions, "Handycam\(\mathbb{R}\)" video cameras, which experienced an increase in sales of DVD and high definition video cameras, and broadcast-use equipment, which experienced good sales performance of high definition broadcast production equipment. On the other hand, CRT televisions experienced a decrease in operating income due to a significant decrease in sales.

Inventory, as of December 31, 2005, was ¥598.8 billion (\$5,075 million), a ¥27.9 billion, or 4.9%, increase compared with the level as of December 31, 2004 and a ¥43.6 billion, or 6.8%, decrease compared with the level as of September 30, 2005.

Operating Results for Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB

The following operating results for Sony Ericsson, which is accounted for by the equity method, are not consolidated in Sony's consolidated financial statements. However, Sony believes that this disclosure provides additional useful analytical information to investors regarding operating performance. In addition, please note that the operating results of Sony Ericsson discussed below are reported on an International Financial Reporting Standards basis, and thereby differ from the operating results reported on a U.S. GAAP basis contained within Sony's equity in net income (loss) of affiliated companies.

Sales for the quarter were Euro 2,310 million, an increase of Euro 305 million, or 15%, compared with the same quarter of the previous fiscal year, boosted by hit models such as camera phones and "Walkman" phones. Units shipped in the quarter reached 16.1 million, a 28% increase compared to the same period last fiscal year. Income before taxes was Euro 206 million and net income was Euro 144 million, which represents a year-on-

year increase of Euro 66 million, or 47%, and Euro 89 million, or 162%, respectively. As a result, equity in net income of ¥9.8 billion (\$83 million) was recorded by Sony.

Game

(Billions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

Third quarter ended December 31

	2004	2005	Yen	2005
Sales and operating revenue	¥282.6	¥419.2	+48.3%	\$3,553
Operating income	44.6	67.8	+52.1	575

Unless otherwise specified, all amounts are on a U.S. GAAP basis.

Sales increased 48.3% compared with the same quarter of the previous fiscal year (a 42% increase on a local currency basis).

<u>Hardware:</u> There was a significant increase in sales in all geographic areas primarily due to a significant contribution to sales from PSP, which experienced favorable growth in all geographic areas. In addition, PlayStation 2 ("PS2") continued its favorable performance, experiencing sales on a par with those in the same quarter of the previous fiscal year.

<u>Software:</u> Overall software sales increased as a result of the contribution to sales from PSP software, despite a decrease in PS2 software sales. On a regional basis, revenue increased in the U.S. and Europe, although it decreased in Japan.

Operating income of ¥67.8 billion (\$575 million) was recorded, an increase of ¥23.2 billion or 52.1% compared with the same quarter of the previous fiscal year mainly due to the steady expansion of the PSP platform in all geographic areas, as well as the continued favorable performance of the PS2 business. This increase was partially offset by continued aggressive research and development spending associated with PLAYSTATION® 3, as well as an increase in advertising and promotion expenses incurred during the quarter.

Worldwide hardware production shipments:*

→ PS2:
 → PSP:
 5.36 million units (a decrease of 2.03 million units)
 6.22 million units (an increase of 5.71 million units)

Worldwide software production shipments:*

→ PS2: 93 million units (a decrease of 16 million units)

→ PSP: 14.5 million units (an increase of 13.2 million units)

Inventory, as of December 31, 2005, was ¥103.9 billion (\$881 million), a ¥58.5 billion, or 128.8%, increase compared with the level as of December 31, 2004 and a ¥11.0 billion, or 9.5%, decrease compared with the level as of September 30, 2005.

Pictures

(Billions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

Third quarter ended December 31

	2004	2005	Yen	2005
Sales and operating revenue	¥203.1	¥202.2	-0.4%	\$1,714
Operating income (loss)	18.6	(0.4)	-	(3)

^{*}Production shipment units of hardware and software are counted upon shipment of the products from manufacturing bases. Sales of such products are recognized when the products are delivered to customers.

The results presented above are a yen-translation of the results of Sony Pictures Entertainment ("SPE"), a U.S. based operation which aggregates the results of its worldwide subsidiaries on a U.S. dollar basis. Management analyzes the results of SPE in U.S. dollars, so discussions of certain portions of its results are specified as being on "a U.S. dollar basis."

Sales decreased 0.4% compared with the same quarter of the previous fiscal year (a 10% decrease on a U.S dollar basis). Sales on a U.S. dollar basis decreased primarily due to the significant home entertainment contribution of *Spider-Man 2* in the prior fiscal year's third quarter and lower theatrical revenues from the underperformance of *The Legend of Zorro* and *Zathura*. Although there were no comparable releases to *Spider-Man 2* in the third quarter of this fiscal year, the home entertainment releases of *Christmas with the Kranks* and *The Exorcism of Emily Rose* contributed to the current quarter's revenues.

An **operating loss** of ¥0.4 billion (\$3 million) was recorded as compared to operating income of ¥18.6 billion in the same quarter of the previous fiscal year. The decrease was due to the lack of a comparable *Spider-Man* 2 home entertainment operating profit contribution in the current fiscal year's third quarter combined with losses recorded from the underperformance in the current quarter on the films noted above.

Financial Services

(Billions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

Third quarter ended December 31

			Change in	
	2004	2005	Yen	2005
Financial service revenue	¥145.0	¥190.4	+31.3%	\$1,613
Operating income	13.9	47.0	+238.4	399

Unless otherwise specified, all amounts are on a U.S. GAAP basis. Therefore, they differ from the results that Sony Life discloses on a Japanese statutory basis.

Financial service revenue was ¥190.4 billion (\$1,613 million), a 31.3% increase compared with the same quarter of the previous fiscal year, mainly due to an increase in revenue at Sony Life. Revenue at Sony Life was ¥167.2 billion (\$1,417 million), a ¥45.4 billion, or 37.3% increase compared with the same quarter of the previous fiscal year. The reasons for this increase were an improvement in gains and losses from investments and an increase in revenue from insurance premiums reflecting an increase of insurance-in-force.

Operating income was ¥47.0 billion (\$399 million), a ¥33.1 billion, or 238.4% increase compared with the same quarter of the previous fiscal year, mainly as a result of an improvement in gains and losses on investments in the general account at Sony Life, primarily resulting from an improvement in valuation gains from stock conversion rights in convertible bonds. As a result of the abovementioned factors, operating income at Sony Life increased by ¥34.1 billion or 243.8% to ¥48.0 billion (\$407 million).

Other

(Billions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

Third quarter ended December 31

			Change in	
	2004	2005	Yen	2005
Sales and operating revenue	¥109.3	¥118.1	+8.1%	\$1,001
Operating income	13.4	14.9	+11.0	126

Unless otherwise specified, all amounts are on a U.S. GAAP basis.

Sales increased 8.1% compared with the same quarter of the previous fiscal year. This increase was mainly due to strong sales at a business within the segment engaged in the production and marketing of animation products, at a Japanese subsidiary involved in the advertising agency business, and at SMEJ.

Sales at SMEJ increased compared to the same quarter of the previous fiscal year primarily as a result of increased album and single sales. Best selling albums during the quarter included *Ken Hirai 10th Anniversary Complete Single Collection '95-'05 "Uta Baka"* by Ken Hirai, *BEST* by Mika Nakashima, and *WATURAL* by ORANGE RANGE.

Operating income of ¥14.9 billion (\$126 million) was recorded, representing an increase of ¥1.5 billion compared to the same quarter of the previous fiscal year. Despite the recording of a gain related to the sale of a retail and showroom building in Japan during the same quarter of the previous fiscal year, this increase was mainly the result of cost reductions at network related businesses within Sony Corporation and an improvement in the cost of sales ratio and the higher sales, as noted above, at SMEJ.

Operating Results for SONY BMG MUSIC ENTERTAINMENT

The following operating results for SONY BMG, which is accounted for by the equity method, are not consolidated in Sony's consolidated financial statements. However, Sony believes that this disclosure provides additional useful analytical information to investors regarding operating performance.

SONY BMG recorded sales revenue of \$1,496 million, a less than 1% year-on-year decline, income before income taxes of \$252 million, an increase of \$217 million year-on-year, and net income of \$178 million, an increase of \$157 million year-on-year, during the quarter ended December 31, 2005. Income before income taxes included \$47 million of restructuring charges. Despite continued sluggish market conditions in a number of territories worldwide, the significant year-on-year increase in income before income taxes was due to a \$121 million year-on-year reduction in restructuring charges, the realization of incremental cost savings and the success of several releases in the marketplace. Best selling albums during the quarter included Il Divo's *Ancora*, Kelly Clarkson's *Breakaway* and Kenny Chesney's *The Road and The Radio*. As a result, equity in net income of \$10.3 billion (\$87 million) was recorded by Sony.

Cash Flow

The following charts show Sony's unaudited condensed statements of cash flow for all segments excluding the Financial Services segment and for the Financial Services segment alone. These separate condensed presentations are not required under U.S. GAAP, which is used in Sony's consolidated financial statements. However, because the Financial Services segment is different in nature from Sony's other segments, Sony believes that these presentations may be useful in understanding and analyzing Sony's consolidated financial statements.

Cash Flow - Excluding Financial Services segment

(Billions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

Nine months ended December 31

Cash flow	2004	2005	Change in Yen	2005
- From operating activities	¥230.8	¥45.2	¥-185.6	\$383
- From investing activities	(414.7)	(205.4)	+209.3	(1,741)
- From financing activities	(35.4)	50.9	+86.3	432
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the fiscal year	592.9	519.7	-73.2	4,405
Cash and cash equivalents as of December 31	378.1	438.7	+60.6	3,717

Operating Activities: During the nine months ended December 31, 2005, net cash was generated mainly as a result of the recording of net income resulting primarily from the contribution of the Game segment, and from the Electronics segment during the year-end sales season.

Investing Activities: During the nine months ended December 31, 2005, although Sony purchased fixed assets mainly within the Electronics segment consisting primarily of semiconductor manufacturing facilities, Sony carried out the sale of a portion of stock resulting from the initial public offering of SCN and the sale of securities investments. In the same period of the previous fiscal year, in addition to investment in semiconductor manufacturing facilities, Sony also carried out investment towards S-LCD.

As a result, the total amount of cash flow from operating activities and from investing activities during the nine months ended December 31, 2005 was a use of cash of \frac{1}{2}160.2 billion (\frac{1}{3}1,358 million).

Financing Activities: During the nine months ended December 31, 2005, although Sony redeemed a portion of its long-term debt including bonds, financing was carried out through the issuance of straight bonds and commercial paper.

Cash and Cash Equivalents: In addition to the aforementioned information, the total balance of cash and cash equivalents, accounting for the effect of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations, decreased ¥81.1 billion compared to March 31, 2005, and increased by ¥60.6 billion compared to December 31, 2004, to ¥438.7 billion (\$3,717 million) as of December 31, 2005.

Cash Flow - Financial Services segment

(Billions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

Nine months ended December 31

Cash flow	2004	2005	Change in Yen	2005
- From operating activities	¥114.5	¥78.3	¥-36.2	\$664
- From investing activities	(455.2)	(369.9)	+85.3	(3,135)
- From financing activities	281.7	208.7	-73.0	1,768
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the fiscal year	256.3	259.4	+3.1	2,198
Cash and cash equivalents as of December 31	197.2	176.4	-20.8	1,495

Operating Activities: Net cash from operating activities was generated mainly due to an increase in revenue from insurance premiums, reflecting primarily an increase in insurance-in-force at Sony Life.

Investing Activities: Payments for investments and advances exceeded proceeds from maturities of marketable securities, sales of securities investments and collections of advances primarily as a result of investments in mainly Japanese fixed income securities carried out at Sony Life, as well as an increase in advance payments for housing loans and investments in marketable securities at Sony Bank.

Financing Activities: Net cash from financing activities was generated as a result of an increase in policyholders' accounts at Sony Life and an increase in deposits from customers in the banking business.

Cash and Cash Equivalents: As a result of the above, cash and cash equivalents decreased \(\frac{4}{2}\) 83.0 billion compared to March 31, 2005, and decreased \(\frac{4}{2}\)20.8 billion compared to December 31, 2004, to \(\frac{4}{1}\)76.4 billion (\(\frac{4}{5}\)76.4 million) as of December 31, 2005.

Notes

Note I: During the quarter ended December 31, 2005, the average value of the yen was ¥116.4 against the U.S. dollar and ¥137.9 against the Euro, which was 9.8% lower against the U.S. dollar and 1.7% lower against the Euro, compared with the average rates for the same quarter of the previous fiscal year. Operating results on a local currency basis described herein reflect sales and operating income obtained by applying the yen's monthly average exchange rate in the same quarter of the previous fiscal year to local currency-denominated monthly sales, cost of sales, and selling, general and administrative expenses in the current quarter. Local currency basis results are not reflected in Sony's financial statements and are not measures conforming with U.S. GAAP. In addition, Sony does not

believe that these measures are a substitute for U.S. GAAP measures. However, Sony believes that local currency basis results provide additional useful analytical information to investors regarding operating performance.

Note II: "Sales and operating revenue" in each business segment represents sales and operating revenue recorded before intersegment transactions are eliminated. "Operating income" in each business segment represents operating income recorded before intersegment transactions and unallocated corporate expenses are eliminated.

Outlook for the Fiscal Year ending March 31, 2006

Sony's consolidated operating results forecast for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2006 has been revised as per the table below:

		Change from	
	Current Forecast	September Forecast	September Forecast
Sales and operating revenue	¥7,400 billion	+2%	¥7,250 billion
Operating income (loss)	100 billion	-	(20 billion)
(Restructuring charges included within	1		
Operating income	140 billion	unchanged	140 billion)
Income before income taxes	190 billion	+375%	40 billion
Equity in net income (loss) of			
affiliated companies	5 billion	-	(8 billion)
Net income (loss)	70 billion	-	(10 billion)

Assumed foreign currency exchange rates for the fourth quarter of the fiscal year: approximately \footnote{114} to the U.S. dollar and approximately \footnote{138} to the Euro.

The principal reason for this revision is that, in addition to the higher than anticipated depreciation of the yen during the third quarter of the current fiscal year, operating results during the third quarter were higher than forecast mainly within the Electronics and Financial Services segments. Within the Electronics segment, the television business in particular performed significantly better than anticipated, as did the "VAIO" PC business. On the other hand, the performance of the Pictures segment for the third quarter of the current fiscal year was lower than expected.

The revision to income before income taxes, in addition to the above, reflects the change in interest resulting from SCN's initial public offering. In addition, the revision to equity in net income (loss) of affiliated companies is a result of better than anticipated results in particular at S-LCD and Sony Ericsson.

Although the factors set out above had a positive effect on operating results during the third quarter, Sony continues to operate in an uncertain global business environment during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year.

Our forecast for research and development costs has been revised down by ¥10 billion since our forecast of April 27, 2005 as per the table below. However, our forecast for capital expenditures and depreciation and amortization is unchanged from the forecast of April 27, 2005.

		Change from
	<u>Forecast</u>	previous fiscal year
Capital expenditures (additions to fixed assets)	¥410 billion	+15%
Depreciation and amortization*	390 billion	+5
(Depreciation expenses for tangible assets	320 billion	+6)
Research and development expenses	510 billion	+2

^{*}Including amortization of intangible assets and amortization of deferred insurance acquisition costs.

Cautionary Statement

Statements made in this release with respect to Sony's current plans, estimates, strategies and beliefs and other statements that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements about the future performance of Sony. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, those statements using words such as "believe," "expect," "plans," "strategy," "prospects," "forecast," "estimate," "project," "anticipate," "may" or "might" and words of similar meaning in connection with a discussion of future operations, financial performance, events or conditions. From time to time, oral or written forward-looking statements

may also be included in other materials released to the public. These statements are based on management's assumptions and beliefs in light of the information currently available to it. Sony cautions you that a number of important risks and uncertainties could cause actual results to differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements, and therefore you should not place undue reliance on them. You also should not rely on any obligation of Sony to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Sony disclaims any such obligation. Risks and uncertainties that might affect Sony include, but are not limited to (i) the global economic environment in which Sony operates, as well as the economic conditions in Sony's markets, particularly levels of consumer spending; (ii) exchange rates, particularly between the yen and the U.S. dollar, the Euro and other currencies in which Sony makes significant sales or in which Sony's assets and liabilities are denominated; (iii) Sony's ability to continue to design and develop and win acceptance of its products and services, which are offered in highly competitive markets characterized by continual new product introductions, rapid development in technology and subjective and changing consumer preferences (particularly in the Electronics, Game and Pictures segments, and music business); (iv) Sony's ability to implement successfully personnel reduction and other business reorganization activities in its Electronics segment and music business; (v) Sony's ability to implement successfully its network strategy for its Electronics, Pictures and Other segments, including the music business, and to develop and implement successful sales and distribution strategies in its Pictures segment and music business in light of the Internet and other technological developments; (vi) Sony's continued ability to devote sufficient resources to research and development and, with respect to capital expenditures, to correctly prioritize investments (particularly in the Electronics segment); (vii) shifts in customer demand for financial services such as life insurance and Sony's ability to conduct successful Asset Liability Management in the Financial Services segment; and (viii) the success of Sony's joint ventures and alliances. Risks and uncertainties also include the impact of any future events with material unforeseen impacts.

London

Chris Hohman/Shinji Tomita

+44-(0)20-7444-9713

Investor Relations Contacts:

Tokyo New York
Takao Yuhara Justin Hill/Miki Emura
+81-(0)3-5448-2180 +1-212-833-6722

Home Page: http://www.sony.net/IR/

Business Segment Information (Unaudited)

(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

Three	months	ended	December	31

Sales and operating revenue	2004	2005	Change	2005
Electronics				
Customers	¥ 1,444,257	¥ 1,480,466	+2.5 %	\$ 12,546
Intersegment	80,373	115,288		977
Total	1,524,630	1,595,754	+4.7	13,523
Game				
Customers	273,599	402,925	+47.3	3,415
Intersegment	9,022	16,321		138
Total	282,621	419,246	+48.3	3,553
Pictures				
Customers	203,097	202,241	-0.4	1,714
Intersegment	_	_		_
Total	203,097	202,241	-0.4	1,714
Financial Services				
Customers	139,479	184,586	+32.3	1,564
Intersegment	5,483	5,805		49
Total	144,962	190,391	+31.3	1,613
Other				
Customers	87,753	97,344	+10.9	825
Intersegment	21,571	20,801		176
Total	109,324	118,145	+8.1	1,001
Elimination	(116,449)	(158,215)	_	(1,340)
Consolidated total	¥ 2,148,185	¥ 2,367,562	+10.2 %	\$ 20,064

Electronics intersegment amounts primarily consist of transactions with the Game, Pictures and Other segments.

Other intersegment amounts primarily consist of transactions with the Electronics and Game segments.

Operating income (loss)		2004		2005	Change	2005
Electronics	¥	50,519	¥	78,888	+56.2 %	\$ 668
Game		44,574		67,819	+52.1	575
Pictures		18,646		(378)	_	(3)
Financial Services		13,904		47,048	+238.4	399
Other		13,383		14,858	+11.0	 126
Total		141,026		208,235	+47.7	1,765
Corporate and elimination		(2,853)		(5,414)	_	 (46)
Consolidated total	¥	138,173	¥	202,821	+46.8 %	\$ 1,719

Commencing April 1, 2005, Sony has partly realigned its business segment configuration. Results of the previous year have been reclassified to conform to the presentations for the current quarter (see Notes 5 and 6 on page F-9).

Business Segment Information (Unaudited)

(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

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	Nine	months	ended	December 31

Sales and operating revenue	2004	2005	Change	2005
Electronics				
Customers	¥ 3,739,558	¥ 3,600,837	-3.7 %	\$ 30,516
Intersegment	143,517	333,332		2,824
Total	3,883,075	3,934,169	+1.3	33,340
Game				
Customers	488,534	772,396	+58.1	6,546
Intersegment	19,097	33,874		287
Total	507,631	806,270	+58.8	6,833
Pictures				
Customers	543,030	505,477	-6.9	4,284
Intersegment	_	_		_
Total	543,030	505,477	-6.9	4,284
Financial Services				
Customers	386,828	503,277	+30.1	4,265
Intersegment	17,620	16,810		143
Total	404,448	520,087	+28.6	4,408
Other				
Customers	304,645	248,004	-18.6	2,101
Intersegment	58,968	59,301		503
Total	363,613	307,305	-15.5	2,604
Elimination	(239,202)	(443,317)	_	(3,757)
Consolidated total	¥ 5,462,595	¥ 5,629,991	+3.1 %	\$ 47,712

Electronics intersegment amounts primarily consist of transactions with the Game, Pictures and Other segments.

Other intersegment amounts primarily consist of transactions with the Electronics and Game segments.

Operating income (loss)		2004		2005	Change	2005
Electronics	¥	66,184	¥	60,955	-7.9 %	\$ 517
Game		41,682		70,144	+68.3	594
Pictures		50,165		(2,765)	_	(23)
Financial Services		39,188		109,017	+178.2	924
Other		10,588		26,460	+149.9	 224
Total		207,807		263,811	+27.0	2,236
Corporate and elimination		(16,475)		(10,355)	_	(88)
Consolidated total	¥	191,332	¥	253,456	+32.5 %	\$ 2,148

Commencing April 1, 2005, Sony has partly realigned its business segment configuration. Results of the previous year have been reclassified to conform to the presentations for the current period (see Notes 5 and 6 on page F-9).

Electronics Sales and Operating Revenue to Customers by Product Category

(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

	Three months ended December 31									
Sales and operating revenue		2004		2005	Change		2005			
Audio	¥	183,977	¥	184,559	+0.3 %	\$	1,564			
Video		330,815		313,082	-5.4		2,653			
Televisions		307,762		359,248	+16.7		3,044			
Information and Communications		228,407		220,157	-3.6		1,866			
Semiconductors		53,755		63,974	+19.0		542			
Components		164,746		185,575	+12.6		1,573			
Other		174,795		153,871	-12.0		1,304			
Total	¥	1,444,257	¥	1,480,466	+2.5 %	\$	12,546			

	Nine months ended December 31								
Sales and operating revenue		2004		2005	Change		2005		
Audio	¥	465,388	¥	431,503	-7.3 %	\$	3,657		
Video		828,197		812,041	-2.0		6,882		
Televisions		707,628		680,725	-3.8		5,769		
Information and Communications		601,784		589,317	-2.1		4,994		
Semiconductors		195,657		179,529	-8.2		1,521		
Components		476,837		492,879	+3.4		4,177		
Other		464,067		414,843	-10.6		3,516		
Total	¥	3,739,558	¥	3,600,837	-3.7 %	\$	30,516		

The above table is a breakdown of Electronics sales and operating revenue to customers in the Business Segment Information on pages F-1 and F-2. The Electronics segment is managed as a single operating segment by Sony's management. However, Sony believes that the information in this table is useful to investors in understanding the product categories in this business segment. In addition, commencing April 1, 2005, Sony has partly realigned its product category configuration in the Electronics segment. Accordingly, results of the previous year have been restated (see Note 7 on page F-9).

Geographic Segment Information (Unaudited)

(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

Three months ended December 31

		Till te months ended December 31					
Sales and operating revenue		2004		2005	Change		2005
Japan	¥	605,877	¥	610,939	+0.8 %	\$	5,177
United States		576,459		659,222	+14.4		5,587
Europe		548,235		619,456	+13.0		5,250
Other Areas		417,614		477,945	+14.4		4,050
Total	¥	2,148,185	¥	2,367,562	+10.2 %	\$	20,064

	Nine months ended December 31							
Sales and operating revenue	2004		2005		Change	2005		
Japan	¥	1,581,273	¥	1,582,599	+0.1 %	\$	13,412	
United States		1,452,425		1,514,000	+4.2		12,831	
Europe		1,283,838		1,319,489	+2.8		11,182	
Other Areas		1,145,059		1,213,903	+6.0		10,287	
Total	¥	5,462,595	¥	5,629,991	+3.1 %	\$	47,712	

Classification of Geographic Segment Information shows sales and operating revenue recognized by location of customers.

Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited)

(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars, except per share amounts)

		(Willions of		ree months end	ded December 31	are am	iounts)
		2004		2005	Change		2005
Sales and operating revenue:					%		
* *	¥	1,996,676	¥	2,165,618		\$	18,353
Financial service revenue		139,479		184,586			1,564
Other operating revenue		12,030		17,358			147
		2,148,185		2,367,562	+10.2		20,064
Costs and expenses:							
Cost of sales		1,489,359		1,574,321			13,342
Selling, general and administrative		393,269		447,277			3,790
Financial service expenses		125,609		137,337			1,164
Loss on sale, disposal or impairment of assets, net		1,775		5,806			49
		2,010,012		2,164,741			18,345
Operating income		138,173		202,821	+46.8		1,719
Other income:							
Interest and dividends		2,427		6,633			56
Royalty income		4,898		7,524			64
Foreign exchange gain, net		5,381					
Gain on sale of securities investments, net		3,425		2,447			21
Gain on change in interest in subsidiaries and equity invested	es	1,612		18,946			160
Other		5,924		5,254			44
		23,667		40,804			345
Other expenses:							
Interest		7,265		7,983			68
Loss on devaluation of securities investments		106		171			1
Foreign exchange loss, net		_		2,223			19
Other		5,244		7,342			62
		12,615		17,719			150
Income before income taxes		149,225		225,906	+51.4		1,914
Income taxes		7,017		75,749			641
Income before minority interest and equity in net income of affiliated companies		142,208		150,157	+5.6		1,273
Minority interest in income of consolidated subsidiaries		728		715			6
Equity in net income of affiliated companies		2,334		19,502			165
Net income	¥	143,814	¥	168,944	+17.5	\$	1,432
Per share data:							
Common stock							
Net income							
	¥	155.32	¥	169.36	+9.0	\$	1.44
— Diluted	-	138.08	•	161.60	+17.0	4	1.37
Subsidiary tracking stock		-30.00			2,.0		
Net income							
— Basic *		27.29			_		_

^{*} See Note 3 on page F-8.

(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars, except per share amounts)

Nine months ended December 31

		Nine months ended December 31			
	2004	2005	Change		2005
Sales and operating revenue:			%		
Net sales ¥	5,035,823	¥ 5,080,764		\$	43,057
Financial service revenue	386,828	503,277			4,265
Other operating revenue	39,944	45,950			390
	5,462,595	5,629,991	+3.1		47,712
Costs and expenses:					
Cost of sales	3,776,754	3,850,900			32,635
Selling, general and administrative	1,131,889	1,097,032			9,297
Financial service expenses	348,119	394,202			3,341
Loss on sale, disposal or impairment of assets, net	14,501	34,401			291
	5,271,263	5,376,535			45,564
Operating income	191,332	253,456	+32.5		2,148
Operating income	171,332	233,430	132.3		2,140
Other income:					
Interest and dividends	10,517	17,476			148
Royalty income	22,017	24,862			211
Gain on sale of securities investments, net	5,451	8,847			75
Gain on change in interest in subsidiaries and equity investees	15,107	57,477			487
Other	18,607	16,080			136
	71,699	124,742			1,057
Other expenses:	21.022	10.064			1.00
Interest	21,823	19,964			169
Loss on devaluation of securities investments	2,419	3,115			26
Foreign exchange loss, net	553	3,289			28
Other	19,136	17,638			150
	43,931	44,006			373
Income before income taxes	219,100	334,192	+52.5		2,832
Income taxes	21,378	152,943			1,296
Income before minority interest, equity in net income of affiliated companies and cumulative effect of an accounting change	197,722	181,249	-8.3		1,536
Minority interest in income (loss) of consolidated subsidiaries	1,300	(1,093)			(9)
Equity in net income of affiliated companies	28,579	7,807			66
Income before cumulative effect of an accounting change	225,001	190,149	-15.5		1,611
Cumulative effect of an accounting change (2004: Net of income taxes of ¥2,675 million)	(4,713)	_			_
Net income ¥	220,288	¥ 190,149	-13.7	\$	1,611
Per share data:					
Common stock					
Income before cumulative effect of an accounting change					
— Basic ¥	243.04	¥	_	\$	_
— Diluted	216.87	_	_	•	
Net income					
— Basic	237.95	189.45	-20.4		1.61
— Diluted	212.36	180.76	-14.9		1.53
Subsidiary tracking stock Net income		- 7			,
— Basic *	45.41	_	_		_
= ***-*	11				

^{*} See Note 3 on page F-8.

Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)

. ,	D	ecember 31		lions of yen, mi March 31		of U.S. dollars)	Da	nombou 31
ASSETS	D	2004		2005	D	ecember 31 2005	Dec	cember 31 2005
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	¥	575,341	¥	779,103	¥	615,072	\$	5,212
Time deposits		2,485		1,492		1,830		16
Marketable securities		540,177		460,202		527,689		4,472
Notes and accounts receivable, trade		1,383,540		1,113,071		1,448,520		12,276
Allowance for doubtful accounts and sales returns		(97,979)		(87,709)		(100,516)		(852)
Inventories		653,790		631,349		751,545		6,369
Deferred income taxes		121,938		141,154		177,123		1,501
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		489,047 3,668,339		517,509 3,556,171	_	568,831 3,990,094		4,820 33,814
Film costs		263,157		278,961		371,895		3,152
Investments and advances:								
Affiliated companies		262,287		252,905		299,996		2,542
Securities investments and other		2,501,026		2,492,784		3,083,230		26,129
		2,763,313		2,745,689		3,383,226		28,671
Property, plant and equipment:								
Land		182,133		182,900		182,297		1,545
Buildings		912,906		925,796		954,464		8,089
Machinery and equipment		2,102,492		2,192,038		2,370,265		20,087
Construction in progress		141,645		92,611		76,774		651
Less-Accumulated depreciation		(1,978,404)		(2,020,946)	_	(2,202,122)		(18,663)
Other assets:		1,360,772		1,372,399		1,381,678		11,709
Intangibles, net		209,385		187,024		194,959		1,652
Goodwill		270,645		283,923		296,601		2,514
Deferred insurance acquisition costs		373,288		374,805		389,933		3,305
Deferred income taxes		224,694		240,396		183,349		1,554
Other		465,869		459,732		474,700		4,023
4		1,543,881		1,545,880		1,539,542		13,048
	¥	9,599,462	¥	9,499,100	¥	10,666,435	\$	90,394
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY								
Current liabilities:								
Short-term borrowings	¥	207,504	¥	63,396	¥	198,969	\$	1,686
Current portion of long-term debt		450,305		166,870		200,763		1,701
Notes and accounts payable, trade		848,643		806,044		925,997		7,847
Accounts payable, other and accrued expenses		771,552		746,466		828,850		7,024
Accrued income and other taxes		79,282		55,651		93,721		794
Deposits from customers in the banking business		512,800		546,718		601,446		5,097
Other		408,991		424,223		487,502		4,133
		3,279,077		2,809,368		3,337,248		28,282
Long-term liabilities:								
Long-term debt		637,063		678,992		650,514		5,513
Accrued pension and severance costs		328,562		352,402		222,834		1,888
Deferred income taxes		66,949		72,227		193,193		1,637
Future insurance policy benefits and other		2,383,749		2,464,295		2,680,265		22,714
Other		242,628		227,631		248,953		2,110
		3,658,951		3,795,547		3,995,759		33,862
Minority interest in consolidated subsidiaries		24,140		23,847		37,014		314
Stockholders' equity:		400.246		(21 = 22		/A.4		
Capital stock		480,348		621,709		621,775		5,269
Additional paid-in capital		992,556		1,134,222		1,134,289		9,613
Retained earnings		1,575,526		1,506,082		1,681,691		14,252
Accumulated other comprehensive income		(405,232)		(385,675)		(138,330)		(1,172)
Treasury stock, at cost		(5,904)		(6,000)		(3,011)		(26)
	V	2,637,294	V	2,870,338	V	3,296,414	Φ.	27,936
	¥	9,599,462	¥	9,499,100	¥	10,666,435	\$	90,394

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

	(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. do Nine months ended December					
			onth		nber 31	
Cook flows from approxima activities:		2004	_	2005		2005
Cash flows from operating activities: Net income	¥	220,288	¥	190,149	\$	1,611
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by	+	220,288	т.	190,149	J	1,011
operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization, including amortization of						
deferred insurance acquisition costs		268,740		278,259		2,358
Amortization of film costs		206,925		190,603		1,615
Accrual for pension and severance costs, less payments		14,475		(4,146)		(35)
Gain on the transfer to the Japanese Government of the substitutional portion		14,475		(73,472)		(623)
of employee pension fund				(73,472)		(023)
Loss on sale, disposal or impairment of assets, net		14,501		34,401		291
Gain on sale or loss on devaluation of securities investments, net		(3,032)		(5,732)		(49)
Gain on change in interest in subsidiaries and equity investees		(15,107)		(57,477)		(487)
Deferred income taxes		(57,349)		80,709		684
Equity in net income of affiliated companies, net of dividends		(27,851)		(4,160)		(35)
Cumulative effect of an accounting change		4,713		(4,100)		(55)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		1,715				
Increase in notes and accounts receivable, trade		(288,539)		(325,032)		(2,754)
(Increase) Decrease in inventories		5,099		(90,694)		(769)
Increase in film costs		(217,185)		(251,836)		(2,134)
Increase in notes and accounts payable, trade		77,125		104,058		882
Increase in accrued income and other taxes		23,073		27,061		229
Increase in future insurance policy benefits and other		100,665		110,014		932
Increase in deferred insurance acquisition costs		(48,882)		(47,667)		
Increase in marketable securities held in the financial service		(46,862)		(47,007)		(404)
business for trading purpose		(23,138)		(29,896)		(253)
Increase in other current assets		(59,213)		(66,110)		(560)
Increase in other current liabilities		96,528		101,471		860
Other		47,009		(36,241)		(306)
Net cash provided by operating activities		338,845		124,262		1,053
The cash provided by operating activities		220,012		12.,202		1,000
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Payments for purchases of fixed assets		(345,073)		(326,200)		(2,765)
Proceeds from sales of fixed assets		27,504		11,632		99
Payments for investments and advances by financial service business		(998,760)		(1,061,286)		(8,994)
Payments for investments and advances (other than financial service business)		(143,382)		(20,944)		(177)
Proceeds from maturities of marketable securities, sales of securities		573,218		722,132		6,120
investments and collections of advances by financial service business		5,5,210		,		0,120
Proceeds from maturities of marketable securities, sales of securities						
investments and collections of advances (other than financial service		22,534		22,202		188
business)		2.162		72.045		(11
Proceeds from sales of subsidiaries' and equity investees' stocks		3,162		72,045		611
Other		1,709 (859,088)		(198)		(2)
Net cash used in investing activities		(839,088)		(580,617)		(4,920)
Cash flows from financing activities:						
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		10,286		127,653		1,082
Payments of long-term debt		(86,516)		(132,776)		(1,125)
Increase in short-term borrowings		64,356		73,731		625
Increase in deposits from customers in the financial service business		222,735		160,348		1,359
Increase in call money and bills sold in the banking business		53,012		52,800		447
Dividends paid		(23,049)		(24,853)		(211)
Proceeds from issuance of stocks by subsidiaries		3,463		6,937		59
Other		(2,395)		245		2
Net cash provided by financing activities		241,892		264,085		2,238
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		4,481		28,239		238
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(273,870)				
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the fiscal year		(273,870) 849,211		(164,031) 779,103		(1,391)
				779,103		6,603
Cash and cash equivalents at December 31	¥	575,341	¥	615,072	\$	5,212

(Notes)

- 1. U.S. dollar amounts have been translated from yen, for convenience only, at the rate of ¥118 = U.S. \$1, the approximate Tokyo foreign exchange market rate as of December 30, 2005.
- As of December 31, 2005, Sony had 928 consolidated subsidiaries (including variable interest entities). It has applied the equity accounting method in respect to 56 affiliated companies.
- 3. Sony calculates and presents per share data separately for Sony's common stock and for the subsidiary tracking stock which is linked to the economic value of Sony Communication Network Corporation, based on Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("FAS") No.128, "Earnings per Share". The holders of the subsidiary tracking stock have the right to participate in earnings, together with common stock holders. Accordingly, Sony calculates per share data by the "two-class" method based on FAS No.128. Under this method, basic net income per share for each class of stock is calculated based on the earnings allocated to each class of stock for the applicable period, divided by the weighted-average number of outstanding shares in each class during the applicable period. The earnings allocated to the subsidiary tracking stock are determined based on the subsidiary tracking stockholders' economic interest in the targeted subsidiary's earnings available for dividends or change in accumulated losses that do not include those of the targeted subsidiary's subsidiaries.

On October 26, 2005, the Board of Directors of Sony Corporation decided to terminate all shares of subsidiary tracking stock with the method of compulsory conversion to shares of Sony's common stock. All shares of subsidiary tracking stock were converted to shares of Sony's common stock on December 1, 2005. As a result of the conversion, earnings per share of the subsidiary tracking stock for the three months and nine months ended December 31, 2005 are not calculated. The earnings allocated to common stock for the three months and nine months ended December 31, 2005 are calculated by subtracting the earnings allocated to the subsidiary tracking stock for the two months and eight months ended November 30, 2005, respectively.

Weighted-average number of outstanding shares used for computation of earnings per share of common stock are as follows. The dilutive effect in the weighted-average number of outstanding shares for the three months and nine months ended December 31, 2004 and 2005 mainly resulted from convertible bonds.

Weighted-average number of outstanding shares	(Thousand	s of shares)				
	Three months en	ded December 31				
	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>				
Net income						
— Basic	925,368	997,683				
— Diluted	1,045,178	1,045,558				
Weighted-average number of outstanding shares	(Thousands of shares)					
	Nine months end	led December 31				
	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>				
Income before cumulative effect of an						
accounting change and net income						
— Basic	925,183	996,764				
— Diluted	1,045,037	1,044,546				

Weighted-average number of outstanding shares used for computation of earnings per share of the subsidiary tracking stock for the three months and nine months ended December 31, 2004 are 3,072 thousand shares. There were no potentially dilutive securities or options granted for earnings per share of the subsidiary tracking stock.

4. Sony's comprehensive income is comprised of net income and other comprehensive income. Other comprehensive income includes changes in unrealized gains or losses on securities, unrealized gains or losses on derivative instruments, minimum pension liabilities adjustments and foreign currency translation adjustments. Net income, other comprehensive income and comprehensive income for the three months and nine months ended December 31, 2004 and 2005 were as follows:

					(Millions of y	en, millions of	U.S.	dollars)
	Three mon	nths ended Dec	cemb	er 31	Nine mon	ths ended Dec	emb	er 31
	2004	2005		2005	2004	2005		2005
Net income	¥ 143,814	¥ 168,944	\$	1,432	¥ 220,288	¥ 190,149	\$	1,611
Other comprehensive income:								
Unrealized gains (losses) on securities	(1,779)	49,614		420	(14,293)	82,588		700
Unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments	2,532	272		2	119	1,004		9
Minimum pension liabilities adjustments	7,582	(3)		(0)	28,535	31,429		266
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(56,100)	78,443		665	30,366	132,324		1,121
	(47,765)	128,326		1,087	44,727	247,345		2,096
Comprehensive income	¥ 96,049	¥ 297,270	\$	2,519	¥ 265,015	¥ 437,494	\$	3,707

- 5. As of August 1, 2004, Sony and Bertelsmann AG combined their recorded music businesses in a joint venture. In connection with the establishment of this joint venture, the non-Japan based disc manufacturing and physical distribution businesses, formerly included within the Music segment, have been reclassified to "Other" category in the Electronics segment. In addition, effective April 1, 2005, a similar change was made with respect to the Japan based disc manufacturing businesses. Results for the same period of the previous year in the Electronics segment have been restated to account for these reclassifications.

 As a result of these changes in the Music segment, Sony no longer breaks out the Music segment as a reportable segment as it no longer meets the materiality threshold. Effective April 1, 2005, results for the Music segment are included within the Other segment. Accordingly, results for the same period of the previous year in the Electronics and the Other segments have been restated to conform to the presentation for this year.
- 6. In July 2004, in order to establish a more efficient and coordinated semiconductor supply structure, Sony group has integrated its semiconductor manufacturing business by transferring Sony Computer Entertainment's semiconductor manufacturing operation from the Game segment to the Electronics segment. As a result of this transfer, sales revenue and expenditures associated with this operation are now recorded within the "Semiconductor" category in the Electronics segment. The results for the three months ended June 30, 2004 have not been restated as such comparable figures cannot be practically obtained given that it was not operated as a separate line of business within the Game segment. This integration of the semiconductor manufacturing businesses is a part of Sony's semiconductor strategy of utilizing semiconductor technologies and manufacturing equipment originally developed or designed for the Game business within the Sony group as a whole.
- 7. Commencing April 1, 2005, Sony has partly realigned its product category configuration in the Electronics segment. Accordingly, results for the same period of the previous year have been reclassified. The primary change is as shown below:

Main Product	Previous Product Category		New Product Category
Professional-use projector	"Televisions"	\rightarrow	"Information and Communications"

- 8. In July 2003, the Accounting Standards Executive Committee of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants issued Statement of Position ("SOP") 03-1, "Accounting and Reporting by Insurance Enterprises for Certain Nontraditional Long-Duration Contracts and for Separate Accounts". SOP 03-1 requires insurance enterprises to record additional reserves for long-duration life insurance contracts with minimum guarantee or annuity receivable options. Additionally, SOP 03-1 provides guidance for the presentation of separate accounts. This statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2003. Sony adopted SOP 03-1 on April 1, 2004. As a result of the adoption of SOP 03-1, Sony's operating income for the nine months ended December 31, 2004 decreased by ¥968 million. Additionally, on April 1, 2004, Sony recognized ¥4,713 million of loss (net of income taxes of ¥2,675 million) as a cumulative effect of an accounting change.
- 9. In December 2004, the FASB issued FAS No. 153, "Exchanges of Nonmonetary Assets, an amendment of APB Opinion No. 29". This statement requires that exchanges of productive assets be accounted for at fair value unless fair value cannot be reasonably determined or the transaction lacks commercial substance. This statement is effective for nonmonetary asset exchanges occurring in the fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2005. Sony adopted FAS No.153 during the quarter ended September 30, 2005. The adoption of FAS No.153 did not have a material impact on Sony's results of operations and financial position.

Other Consolidated Financial Data

R&D expenses

Three months ended December 31 2004 2005 2005 Change Capital expenditures (additions to property, plant and equipment) 78,700 76,139 -3.3% 645 \$ Depreciation and amortization expenses* 92,036 +5.296,843 821 (Depreciation expenses for tangible assets) +5.5(75,594)(79,780)(676)

119,430

(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

+1.9

1,031

121,668

	Nine months ended December 31							
		2004		2005	Change		2005	
Capital expenditures (additions to property, plant and equipment)	¥	256,822	¥	261,920	+2.0%	\$	2,220	
Depreciation and amortization expenses*		268,740		278,259	+3.5		2,358	
(Depreciation expenses for tangible assets)		(217,080)		(226,506)	+4.3		(1,920)	
R&D expenses		370,030		371,425	+0.4		3,148	

^{*} Including amortization expenses for intangible assets and for deferred insurance acquisition costs

Condensed Financial Services Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The results of the Financial Services segment are included in Sony's consolidated financial statements. The following schedules show unaudited condensed financial statements for the Financial Services segment and all other segments excluding Financial Services. These presentations are not required under U.S. GAAP, which is used in Sony's consolidated financial statements. However, because the Financial Services segment is different in nature from Sony's other segments, Sony believes that a comparative presentation may be useful in understanding and analyzing Sony's consolidated financial statements.

Transactions between the Financial Services segment and Sony without Financial Services are eliminated in the consolidated figures shown below.

Condensed Statements of Income

Net income

Condensed Statements of Income							
			(Mil	lions of yen, mi	llions of U.S. dollars)		
Financial Services			Three months ended December 31				
		2004		2005	Change		2005
					%		
Financial service revenue	¥	144,962	¥	190,392	+31.3	\$	1,613
Financial service expenses		131,058		143,344	+9.4		1,214
Operating income		13,904		47,048	+238.4		399
Other income (expenses), net		861		1,412	+64.0		12
Income before income taxes		14,765		48,460	+228.2		411
Income taxes and other		5,399		17,539	+224.9		149
Net income	¥	9,366	¥	30,921	+230.1	\$	262
			(Mil	lions of yen, mi	llions of U.S. dollars)		
Sony without Financial Services			Th	ree months en	ded December 31		
_		2004		2005	Change		2005
					%		
Net sales and operating revenue	¥	2,012,140	¥	2,184,904	+8.6	\$	18,516
Costs and expenses		1,888,195		2,029,297	+7.5		17,197
Operating income		123,945		155,607	+25.5		1,319
Other income (expenses), net		10,516		21,840	+107.7		185
Income before income taxes		134,461		177,447	+32.0		1,504
Income taxes and other		13		39,424	+303,161.5		334
Net income	¥	134,448	¥	138,023	+2.7	\$	1,170
			(Mil	lions of yen, mi	llions of U.S. dollars)		
Consolidated			Th	ree months en	ded December 31		
		2004		2005	Change		2005
					%		
Financial service revenue	¥	139,479	¥	184,586	+32.3	\$	1,564
Net sales and operating revenue		2,008,706		2,182,976	+8.7		18,500
		2,148,185		2,367,562	+10.2		20,064
Costs and expenses		2,010,012		2,164,741	+7.7		18,345
Operating income		138,173		202,821	+46.8		1,719
Other income (expenses), net		11,052		23,085	+108.9		195
Income before income taxes		149,225		225,906	+51.4		1,914
Income taxes and other		5,411		56,962	+952.7		482

143,814

168,944

+17.5

1,432

Condensed Statements of Income

Net income

(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

			(Mil	lions of yen, milli	ons of U.S. dollars)		
Financial Services			Ni	ine months ende			
		2004		2005	Change		2005
					%		
Financial service revenue	¥	404,448	¥	520,088	+28.6	\$	4,408
Financial service expenses		365,260		411,071	+12.5		3,484
Operating income		39,188		109,017	+178.2		924
Other income (expenses), net		9,754		24,646	+152.7		209
Income before income taxes		48,942		133,663	+173.1		1,133
Income taxes and other		18,857		50,827	+169.5		431
Income before cumulative effect of an accounting change		30,085		82,836	+175.3		702
Cumulative effect of an accounting change		(4,713)			_		
Net income	¥	25,372	¥	82,836	+226.5	\$	702
			(Mil	lions of yen, milli	ons of U.S. dollars)		
Sony without Financial Services			Ni	ine months ende	ed December 31		
		2004		2005	Change		2005
					%		
Net sales and operating revenue	¥	5,083,519	¥	5,132,822	+1.0	\$	43,498
Costs and expenses		4,931,856		4,989,458	+1.2		42,283
Operating income		151,663		143,364	-5.5		1,215
Other income (expenses), net		24,995		57,035	+128.2		483
Income before income taxes		176,658		200,399	+13.4		1,698
Income taxes and other		(24,758)		93,216	_		790
Net income	¥	201,416	¥	107,183	-46.8	\$	908
			(Mil	lions of yen, milli	ons of U.S. dollars)		
Consolidated			Ni	ine months ende	ed December 31		
		2004		2005	Change		2005
					%		
Financial service revenue	¥	386,828	¥	503,277	+30.1	\$	4,265
Net sales and operating revenue		5,075,767		5,126,714	+1.0		43,447
		5,462,595		5,629,991	+3.1		47,712
Costs and expenses		5,271,263		5,376,535	+2.0		45,564
Operating income		191,332		253,456	+32.5		2,148
Other income (expenses), net		27,768		80,736	+190.8		684
Income before income taxes		219,100		334,192	+52.5		2,832
Income taxes and other		(5,901)		144,043	_		1,221
Income before cumulative effect of an accounting change		225,001		190,149	-15.5		1,611
Cumulative effect of an accounting change		(4,713)			_		

220,288

190,149

-13.7

1,611

Condensed Balance Sheet

Financial Services ASSETS	December 31 2004	(Millions of yen, mi March 31 2005	December 31 2005	December 31 2005
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Other	¥ 197,245	¥ 259,371	¥ 176,411	\$ 1,495
	536,099	456,130	523,612	4,437
	207,810	274,690	206,092	1,747
	941,154	990,191	906,115	7,679
Investments and advances Property, plant and equipment Other assets:	2,383,676	2,378,966	2,962,820	25,109
	38,686	38,551	36,339	308
Deferred insurance acquisition costs Other	373,288 103,539 476,827	374,805 103,004 477,809	389,933 141,837 531,770	3,305 1,201 4,506
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities:	¥ 3,840,343	¥ 3,885,517	¥ 4,437,044	\$ 37,602
Short-term borrowings Notes and accounts payable, trade Deposits from customers in the banking business Other	¥ 141,777	¥ 45,358	¥ 94,848	\$ 804
	8,747	7,099	12,142	103
	512,800	546,718	601,446	5,097
	108,416	109,438	128,119	1,085
	771,740	708,613	836,555	7,089
Long-term liabilities: Long-term debt Accrued pension and severance costs Future insurance policy benefits and other	136,472	135,750	134,785	1,142
	11,518	14,362	13,614	115
	2,383,749	2,464,295	2,680,265	22,714
Other Minority interest in consolidated subsidiaries	135,749	142,272	192,240	1,631
	2,667,488	2,756,679	3,020,904	25,602
	5,560	5,476	4,054	34
Stockholders' equity	395,555 ¥ 3,840,343	414,749 ¥ 3,885,517 (Millions of yen, mi	575,531 ¥ 4,437,044 (Illions of U.S. dollars)	\$ 37,602
Sony without Financial Services	December 31	March 31	December 31	December 31
ASSETS	2004	2005	2005	2005
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Notes and accounts receivable, trade Other	¥ 378,096	¥ 519,732	¥ 438,661	\$ 3,717
	4,078	4,072	4,077	35
	1,212,422	952,692	1,337,504	11,335
	1,156,326	1,116,353	1,334,372	11,308
	2,750,922	2,592,849	3,114,614	26,395
Film costs Investments and advances Investments in Financial Services, at cost Property, plant and equipment Other assets	263,157	278,961	371,895	3,152
	504,131	445,446	502,252	4,256
	187,400	187,400	187,400	1,588
	1,322,086	1,333,848	1,345,339	11,401
	1,183,216	1,189,398	1,083,003	9,178
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities:	¥ 6,210,912	¥ 6,027,902	¥ 6,604,503	\$ 55,970
Short-term borrowings Notes and accounts payable, trade Other	¥ 537,924	¥ 204,027	¥ 321,783	\$ 2,727
	842,852	801,252	916,700	7,769
	1,160,417	1,132,201	1,296,755	10,989
	2,541,193	2,137,480	2,535,238	21,485
Long-term liabilities: Long-term debt Accrued pension and severance costs Other	630,981	627,367	595,784	5,049
	317,044	338,040	209,220	1,773
	273,839	263,520	323,070	2,738
	1,221,864	1,228,927	1,128,074	9,560
Minority interest in consolidated subsidiaries Stockholders' equity	18,680 2,429,175 ¥ 6,210,912	18,471 2,643,024 ¥ 6,027,902	32,571 2,908,620 ¥ 6,604,503	276 24,649 \$ 55,970

	_			
(Millions	of ven	millions	ofILS	dollars)

Consolidated		December 31		March 31		December 31		December 31	
ASSETS		2004		2005		2005		2005	
Current assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	¥	575,341	¥	779,103	¥	615,072	\$	5,212	
Marketable securities		540,177		460,202		527,689		4,472	
Notes and accounts receivable, trade		1,285,561		1,025,362		1,348,004		11,424	
Other		1,267,260		1,291,504		1,499,329		12,706	
		3,668,339		3,556,171		3,990,094		33,814	
Film costs		263,157		278,961		371,895		3,152	
Investments and advances		2,763,313		2,745,689		3,383,226		28,671	
Property, plant and equipment Other assets:		1,360,772		1,372,399		1,381,678		11,709	
Deferred insurance acquisition costs		373,288		374,805		389,933		3,305	
Other		1,170,593		1,171,075		1,149,609		9,743	
		1,543,881		1,545,880		1,539,542		13,048	
	¥	9,599,462	¥	9,499,100	¥	10,666,435	\$	90,394	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY									
Current liabilities:									
Short-term borrowings	¥	657,809	¥	230,266	¥	399,732	\$	3,388	
Notes and accounts payable, trade		848,643		806,044		925,997		7,847	
Deposits from customers in the banking business		512,800		546,718		601,446		5,097	
Other		1,259,825		1,226,340		1,410,073		11,950	
		3,279,077		2,809,368		3,337,248		28,282	
Long-term liabilities:									
Long-term debt		637,063		678,992		650,514		5,513	
Accrued pension and severance costs		328,562		352,402		222,834		1,888	
Future insurance policy benefits and other		2,383,749		2,464,295		2,680,265		22,714	
Other		309,577		299,858		442,146		3,747	
		3,658,951		3,795,547		3,995,759		33,862	
Minority interest in consolidated subsidiaries		24,140		23,847		37,014		314	
Stockholders' equity		2,637,294		2,870,338		3,296,414		27,936	
	¥	9,599,462	¥	9,499,100	¥	10,666,435	\$	90,394	

Condensed Statements of Cash Flows

Financial Services

Net cash provided by operating activities
Net cash used in investing activities
Net cash provided by financing activities
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the fiscal year
Cash and cash equivalents at December 31

Sony without Financial Services

Net cash provided by operating activities
Net cash used in investing activities
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the fiscal year
Cash and cash equivalents at December 31

Consolidated

Net cash provided by operating activities
Net cash used in investing activities
Net cash provided by financing activities
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the fiscal year
Cash and cash equivalents at December 31

(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

Nine months ended December 31

	2004		2005	 2005
¥	114,487	¥	78,296	\$ 664
	(455,219)		(369,939)	(3,135)
	281,661		208,683	1,768
	(59,071)		(82,960)	 (703)
	256,316		259,371	 2,198
¥	197,245	¥	176,411	\$ 1,495

(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

Nine months ended December 31

	2004		2005	 2005
¥	230,785	¥	45,207	\$ 383
	(414,690)		(205,433)	(1,741)
	(35,375)		50,916	432
	4,481		28,239	238
	(214,799)		(81,071)	(688)
	592,895		519,732	 4,405
¥	378,096	¥	438,661	\$ 3,717

(Millions of yen, millions of U.S. dollars)

Nine months ended December 31

	2004		2005	 2005
¥	338,845	¥	124,262	\$ 1,053
	(859,088)		(580,617)	(4,920)
	241,892		264,085	2,238
	4,481		28,239	238
	(273,870)		(164,031)	(1,391)
	849,211		779,103	 6,603
¥	575,341	¥	615,072	\$ 5,212